

# User Manual

## ANALOG TERMINAL ADAPTOR Model: HT-922



Release 1.0

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Overview .....</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	General Information .....	3
1.2	Protocols.....	3
1.3	Hardware Specification.....	3
1.4	Software Specification .....	4
1.5	List of the Package.....	4
<b>2</b>	<b>Installation .....</b>	<b>5</b>
2.1	Product View and Interface .....	5
2.2	Connection Diagram .....	5
2.3	Indicators.....	6
<b>3</b>	<b>Basic Operations .....</b>	<b>7</b>
3.1	Star Commands .....	7
3.1.1	Star Commands for Phone Configuration .....	7
3.1.2	Star Commands for Phone Operation .....	8
3.2	Set up.....	8
3.3	Phone Operation.....	9
3.3.1	Make a Call.....	9
3.3.2	Answer a Call .....	9
3.3.3	Answer a Call Waiting Call (not available in this model) .....	9
3.3.4	Hold a Call (For SIP only).....	10
3.3.5	Transfer a Call (For SIP only) .....	10
3.3.6	Call Forward (For SIP only).....	10
3.3.7	Hot Line .....	11
3.3.7	Phone Book.....	11
<b>4</b>	<b>Web Configuration .....</b>	<b>11</b>
4.1	Access the Built-in Web Server.....	12
4.2	Status.....	14
4.2.1	Phone Information .....	14
4.2.2	Network Information .....	14
4.3	Configurations.....	14
4.3.1	Preference .....	15
4.3.2	Network Configuration .....	17
4.3.3	Call Settings .....	20
4.3.3.1	H.323 Phone.....	20
4.3.3.2	SIP Phone .....	25
4.3.3.3	Media Settings.....	31
4.3.3.4	Dial Plan.....	33
4.3.4	Phone Settings.....	35

4.3.5	Save Changes.....	36
4.3.6	Discard Changes .....	37
4.4	Phone Book.....	37
4.5	Tools.....	37
4.5.1	Online Upgrade.....	38
4.5.2	Change Password .....	38
4.5.3	Reset Configuration.....	39
4.5.4	Reboot.....	39
4.6	Gain Settings .....	39

# 1 Overview

## 1.1 General Information

A VoIP FXS Gateway / Analog Telephone Adapter (ATA) is a telephone extension to the IP network. It offers a traditional telephone line (PSTN) interface to an analog telephone, PBX line extension, or a fax machine. Its WAN port interface allows access to the IP network in order to offer voice and fax services. It is a great way for turning a traditional PBX to access the low cost VoIP services and for deploying VoIP service by a ISP. An additional Ethernet allows broadband connection by the existing PC without buying additional network equipment. The HT-922 (referred as "the device") offers the features mentioned above and is an ideal low cost solution for SME and SOHO IP telephony application.

## 1.2 Protocols

TCP/IP V4 (IP V6 auto adapt)  
ITU-T H.323 V4 Standard  
H.2250 V4 Standard  
H.245 V7 Standard  
H.235 Standard (MD5, HMAC-SHA1)  
ITU-T G.711 Alaw/ULaw, G.729A, G.729AB, and G.723.1 Voice Codec  
RFC1889 Real Time Data Transmission  
Proprietary Firewall-Pass-Through Technology  
SIP V2.0 Standard  
Simple Traversal of UDP over NAT (STUN)  
Web-base Management  
PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)  
PPP Authentication Protocol (PAP)  
Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)  
TFTP Client  
Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP)  
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)  
Domain Name System (DNS)  
User account authentication using MD5  
Out-band DTMF Relay: RFC 2833 and SIP Info

## 1.3 Hardware Specification

ARM9E Processor for high performance

DSP for voice codec and voice processing  
Two 10/100M Based Ethernet ports for WAN/LAN connections.  
LED status indicators  
Two FXS ports  
Ethernet Bridge

## **1.4 Software Specification**

LINUX OS  
Built-in HTTP for accessing internal parameters  
PPPoE dial-up  
Network Address Traversal (NAT) and Router functions  
DHCP Client  
DHCP Server  
Firmware On-line upgrade  
Phone Book  
Memory Dial  
Caller ID  
Multiple Language Support  
Billing Information for accounting purpose

## **1.5 List of the Package**

- a) One HT-922 FXS Gateway
- b) One AC/DC Adapter (DC24V/300mA)
- c) One Ethernet cable (3-Meter long)

## 2 Installation

The device is designed for easy installation and can be installed in various network environments.

### 2.1 Product View and Interface



**1) LINE1**

Connect this port to a traditional telephone set or a PBX trunk line via a standard telephone cable.

**2) LINE2**

Connect this port to a traditional telephone set or a PBX trunk line via a standard telephone cable.

**3) LAN**

Connect this port to a network device (Broadband modem/router) with internet access via a RJ-45 Ethernet cable.

**4) PC**

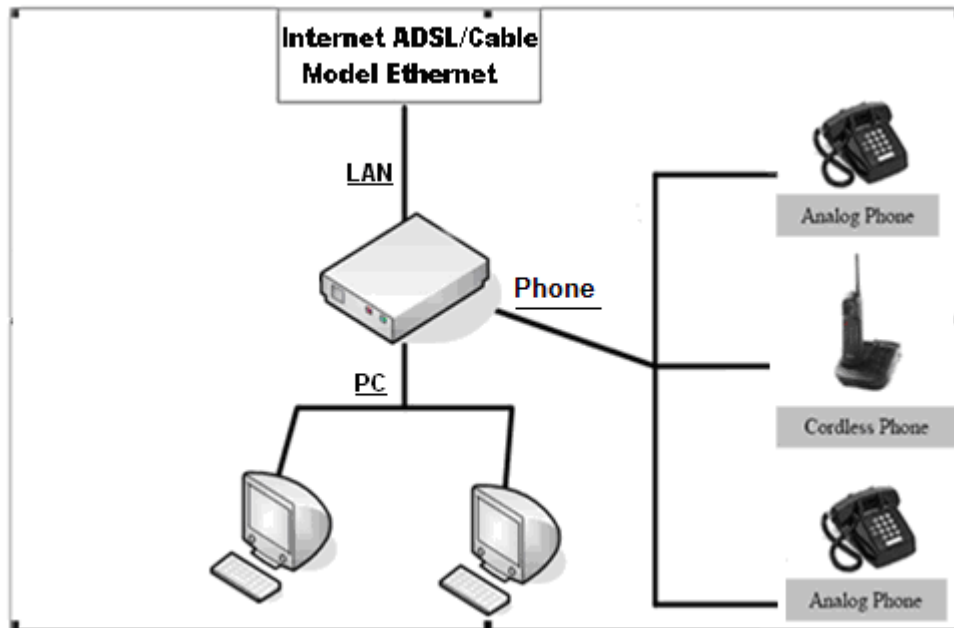
Connect this port to an Ethernet Hub or PC via a RJ-45 Ethernet cable.

**5) POWER**

Connect this port to a 24VDC/30mA AC/DC Adapter provided.

### 2.2 Connection Diagram

Install the device as shown in the connection diagram below.



## 2.3 Indicators



There are four LEDs on the top case and they are described as follows.

LED	DESCRIPTION
<b>RUN</b> (RED color)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When the device is booting up, the LED flashes at a rate of 100ms ON and 100ms OFF.</li> <li>2. When the device has registered to the designated server, the LED flashes at a rate of 1s ON and 1s OFF.</li> </ol>

	3. If the device fails to boot up, the LED does not flash.
<b>LAN</b> (Green color)	1. Turn on when there is a link with a network device. 2. Flashes when there is data activities.
<b>LINE 1</b> (Red color)	1. Flashes when there is a new message in the voice mail box.
<b>LINE 2</b> (Red color)	1. Turn on when the phone connected is off hook. 2. Turn off when the phone connected is on hook.

## 3 Basic Operations

### 3.1 Star Commands

The star commands are used to access / control the device via the phone set connected to the Phone port. There are two sets of Star Commands and they are for:

1. Phone Configuration
2. Phone Operation

The first digit of a star command must be “\*” and the rest must be digits from 0 to 9 and some commands require an operand. To perform a Star Command, dial the digit sequence on the phone set with DTMF dialing. The corresponding DTMF tones are generated and transmitted to the device.

Once the “\*” code is dialed, a timeout is initiated to wait for additional valid input. If no input before the timeout expires, the “\*” code is cancelled. The default timeout during is 5 seconds.

#### 3.1.1 Star Commands for Phone Configuration

The available star commands for Phone Configuration are listed in the table below.

Star(*) Command	Function
*01	Generate a voice prompt on LAN Port IP assigned. It reports “Zero” if the LAN IP is not assigned.

*02	Generate a voice prompt on the PC Port IP assigned. It reports "Zero" if the PC IP Address is not assigned or bridge mode.
*03<Operand>#	Set LAN Port IP to <Operand>.  <Operand> = xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx.
*04<Operand>#	Set PC Port IP to <Operand>.  <Operand> = xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx.
*20	Send a remote support request.
*09987456#	Reset the IP Address for both LAN and PC ports. LAN Port IP = 192.168.0.1 ( Factory default is DHCP mode) PC Port IP = 192.168.5.1 (Facotry default is bridge mode.)
*11983185922#	Reset all system parameters back to factory defaults.

**Note:** These commands are factory preset and cannot be modified.

### 3.1.2 Star Commands for Phone Operation

The available star commands for phone operation are 3-digit long at least and some contains operands. These Star Cmmnds are shown in the table below and they can be programmed to other values via the built-in Web Server.

Star(*) Command	Function
*42	Hold the current call / Release the Hold call
*41	Call Transfer to another VoIP Number
*50	Phone book function key

## 3.2 Set up

The device supports two major configuration methods.

### 1. Provisioning Server

The device can be programmed at the factory, via a DHCP Host, or via the built-in web server to execute an Auto Provisioning Procedure to obtain a configuration file from a Provisioning Server (a HTTP or a TFTP server). This configuration file contains all the necessary parameters to set up the device for VoIP Services. This

method requires no manual operation once the Auto Provision mode is set and greatly simplifies the installation and configuration of the device. This is a proprietary method. Please your local support for more information.

## 2.HTTP Web Server

The device comes with a built-in HTTP Web Server for user configuration. A PC on the same network segment can access the built-in Web Server by entering the IP address in a Web Browser. Please refer to Section 4 for more detailed information.

## 3.3 Phone Operation

The device supports VoIP calls once it is properly setup for VoIP service. Phone calls are made via the phone set connected to the Phone port.

### 3.3.1 Make a Call

To make a VoIP call, place the phone set off hook to hear the dial tone. The dial tone is programmable in the **Preference** page of the built-in web server. Just dial a valid VoIP number and then “#” to make a call. If the “#” digit is omitted, the call will be dialed out when the Auto-dial Timeout expires. This timeout is programmable in **Preference page** and the default is 5 seconds. Please note that the phone set must be set to DTMF dialing mode.

### 3.3.2 Answer a Call

When an incoming call occurs, the phone set will ring at a ringing pattern defined in the **Phone Setting** page. Just place the phone set off hook to answer the call.

### 3.3.3 Answer a Call Waiting Call (not available in this model)

When an incoming call occurs during an active call, it is referred as a Call Waiting Call. The user hears an alerting (CAS) tone when a Call Waiting call occurs. This call waiting feature is only available in SIP; H.323 does not support this feature.

Press the FLASH key on phone keypad or flash the hook switch to answer a Call Waiting Call.

### 3.3.4 Hold a Call (For SIP only)

Dial the Star Command (the default is \*42) to put the active call on hold. To release the call on hold:

- dial the Star Command again (the default is \*42)
- place the phone off hook if it is already on hook
- place the phone on hook and then off hold if the phone is still off hook
- press the flash key if the phone is still off hook

This feature applies to VoIP SIP calls only.

### 3.3.5 Transfer a Call (For SIP only)

If two parties (A and B) are in an active call with each other. Part A can transfer the call to Party C by dialing the Star Command (the default is \*41). The following two transfer modes are supported.

a) Attended Transfer

Party A dials \*41 to hold the call with Party B and then dials the phone number to call Party C after hearing a dial tone. After Party C answers the call, Party A can then hang up to complete the transfer. Party B and Party C will then be connected.

b) Unattended Transfer

Party A dials the Star Command (the default is \*41) to hold the call with Party B and then dials the phone number to call Party C after hearing a dial tone. Party A can then hang up the call when hearing a ring back tone. If Party C answers the call, Party C will then be connected with Party B. If Party C does not answer, Party A's phone will then ring after the call to Party C is terminated.

### 3.3.6 Call Forward (For SIP only)

The Call Forward feature allows a call to be forwarded to a designated number under the following conditions: Unconditional, Busy, No Answer, Busy or No Answer. This feature requires the support from the VoIP service provider and is enabled in the built-in web server.

### 3.3.7 Hot Line

The Hot Line feature sets the device to dial a preset VoIP number whenever the phone goes off hook. No other numbers can be dialed. This feature is enabled via the built-in web server.

### 3.3.7 Phone Book

The Phone Book feature offers 20 entries of names and phone numbers. Users can access the Phone Book via the built-in Web Server. There are two fields for each entry: Name and Number. The Name field is optional and used for reference to the number entered. The Number field is used for Phone Book Dialing and its value can be a number or a name. If this field is empty, the entry is considered as empty.

NO.	Name	Number
01	jonsoon	008612345678
02	lili	00178945621354
03	tony	008723245897
04		

The procedures to activate Phone Book dialing are:

1. Place the phone off hook
2. Wait for a dial tone
3. Dial the Star Command (the default is \*50), the location (0 to 20), “#”
4. The Number in the Phone Book will be dialed out automatically.

## 4 Web Configuration

Other than Auto Provisioning, the device comes with a built-in Web Server (HTML) for the device configuration. In order to access this Web Server, the LAN or PC IP Address must be known. Star Commands are available to generate a voice prompt of the LAN or PC IP Address required and to assign IP Address to both LAN and PC ports. Please refer to Section 3.1.1 for more information.

## 4.1 Access the Built-in Web Server

The built-in Web Server can be accessed by typing the LAN / PC IP address in PC web browser. Please see below to determine which IP Address to be used to access the built-in Web Server.

### Use LAN IP address when:

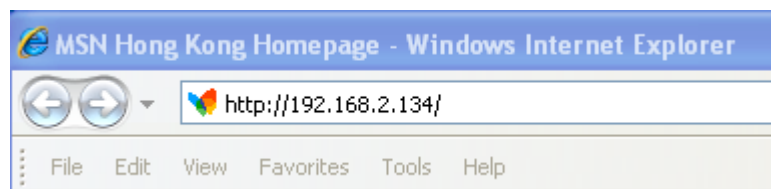
1. PC and the LAN port are connected and assigned to the same network segment. This condition applies to the PC that is connected to the PC port with bridge mode set.
2. LAN IP address is public and the PC has internet access.

Note: If a private IP is assigned to the LAN port, it may still be accessed from the internet provided that the local router is set up properly. Please consult your network administrator for more information.

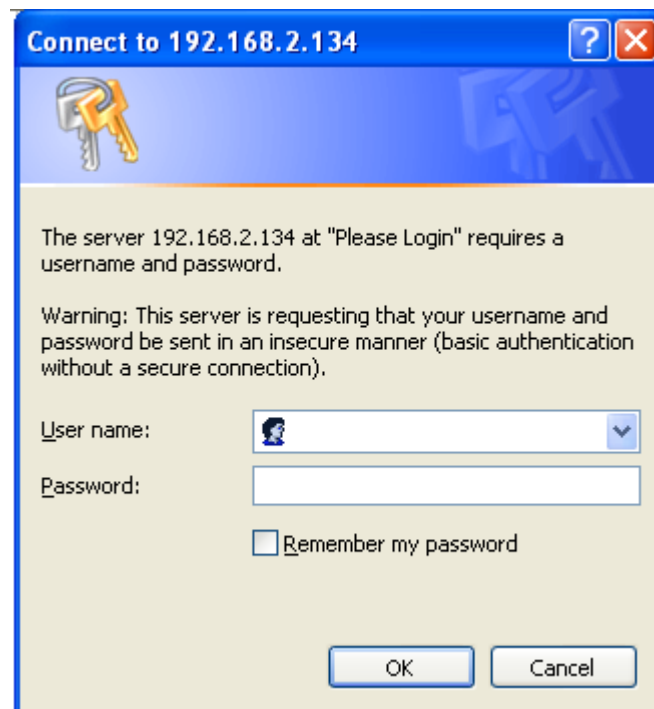
### Use PC IP address when:

1. PC and the PC port (HT-922) are connected and assigned to the same network segment.

To access the built-in Web Server, type the proper IP address (for example: 192.168.2.134 or <http://192.168.2.134> in a Web Browser as shown below (IE, Firefox, etc.).



Once the device responds to the HTTP request, the Web Browser will prompt for a login window as shown below.



The device supports two login levels. For Administrator, please enter User name = “admin” and Password = “admin” (factory default). For User, please enter User name = “user” and the Password = “1234” (factory default). Both passwords can be changed in the Administrator mode. Only user password can be changed in the User mode. Please keep a record of the new passwords if changed. There is a Star Command to reset the passwords to the factory defaults.

The Administrator mode allows full access to the built-in Web Server whereas the User mode restricts the user from accessing the **Call Settings** page.

Once the login is successful, the Web Browser brings up the **Status** page as shown below.



[简体中文](#) [繁体中文](#)

## IP Phone Terminal

Status				
<b>Status</b>  <a href="#">Configurations</a>  <a href="#">Phone Book</a>  <a href="#">Tools</a>	<b>Phone Information</b>		<b>Network Information</b>	
	<b>Serial Number</b>	HT912080500028	<b>LAN Port</b>	192.168.2.134
	<b>Firmware Version</b>	A38HS-3.15	<b>LAN MAC</b>	00:11:BE:02:0F:C6
	<b>Hardware Model</b>	1fxs	<b>PC Port</b>	In Bridge Mode
	<b>Line Register 1 Status</b>	LOGOUT	<b>PPPoE</b>	Disabled
		<b>Default Route</b>	192.168.2.1	
		<b>DNS Server</b>	202.130.97.65	

## 4.2 Status

The Status page provides a brief summary of the Current Phone (Device) and Network information.

### 4.2.1 Phone Information

#### 1 Serial Number

Each device is assigned with a unique serial number by the factory. This number is important for auto provision, technical support, and warranty repair. The product label at the bottom also contains this information.

#### 2 Firmware Version

This field identifies the current Firmware Version installed.

#### 3 Hardware Model

This field identifies the hardware model and version.

#### 4 Phone Status

This field shows the status of server registration for each FXS port. If the device registers to the designated server(s) successfully, it displays the status "LOGIN". Otherwise, it displays "LOGOUT"

### 4.2.2 Network Information

#### 1 LAN Port

This field shows IP address assigned to the LAN port.

#### 2 PC Port

This field shows IP address assigned to the PC port.

#### 3 PPPoE

This field shows the dial up status when PPPoE is enabled for ADSL login.

#### 4 Default Route

The Default Route shows the IP address of the default gateway / router that is used in the current network environment.

#### 5 DNS Server

This field shows the IP address of the DNS server to be used for domain name interpretation.

## 4.3 Configurations

To access the **Configurations** page, click on the "Configurations" tab on the left hand column. This brings up all the pages under this tab: **Preference**, **Network**, **Call Settings**, and **Phone Settings**.

### 4.3.1 Preference

This page configures the general settings in the device: **Language**, **Time Zone**, **Time server**, **Auto-Provision**, **Key(#) as Delimiter**, **Auto-dial Timeout**, **Network Tones**, **INFO Server**, **China Phone Code**.

Preference	
Language(语言)	English
Time Zone	GMT+8
Time Server	pool.ntp.org
Auto-provision	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable RemoteControl>>
Key(#) as Delimiter	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Auto-dial Timeout	5
Network Tones	China
INFO Server	
China Phone Code	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Auto Reboot
Reboot Time	04:00

- a) **Language** - This field sets the language to be used for initial access to the built-in Web Server. The languages currently available for selection are English, Simplified Chinese (简体中文), and Traditional Chinese (繁體中文). Once the language change is saved, it does not take effect until the device is rebooted.

Language(语言)
<div> <div>简体中文</div> <div>English</div> <div>简体中文</div> <div>繁體中文</div> </div>

To change the display language immediately, you can select the language icon as shown below. However, this does not change the default language.



- b) **Time Zone** – This parameter specifies your local time zone in order for the date/time to be correctly displayed since the date/time obtained from a network time server is referenced to the Greenwich Mean Time (GMT). If your time zone is 8 hours ahead of the GMT, you need to enter the value “GMT+8” in this field.
- c) **Time Server** – This parameter specifies the location of the network time server for obtaining the date and time information. It accepts both domain name and IP address.
- d) **Auto Provision** – This parameter enables or disables the Auto Provision procedures.

The **Auto Provision** is a batch script to obtain configuration and firmware upgrade information from a server. Once this option is enabled, two additional parameters (**Provision Server** and **Provision Interval**) are displayed. The **Provision Server** specifies the location of the designated provision server. The auto provision procedure is executed at boot up time and is repeated at a duration specified in the parameter **Provision Interval**.

Auto-provision	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Provision Server	<input type="text"/>
Provision Interval	<input type="text"/>

- e) **Remote Control** – This feature is intended for remote technical support and it enables the device to connect to a remote server. Please contact your service provider for more information on this feature.
- f) **Key(#) as Delimiter** – When dialing a VoIP number, the VoIP device needs to wait for the user to complete the number dialing before the call request is actually sent to the server. This parameter enables or disables the “#” key to be used to signal the number dialing is completed and the call request can be execute immediately.
- g) **Auto-Dial Timeout** – This parameter sets the maximum delay for sending out a call request after the last number dialed. The range is 3 to 15 seconds and the default is 5 seconds.
- h) **Network Tones** – This parameter defines the network tones to be used. The predefined networks tones are: **China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, New Zealand, United Kingdom, United States, Korea, Slovenia, Czechoslovakia, India, Singapore, Israel, Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand, Romania, Bangladesh**, and **Customized**. The **Customized** option allows user to define his own network tones. If the desired network tones selection is not available, user can use this **Customized** option.

Network Tones	<input type="text" value="Customized"/>
Dial Tone	<input type="text"/>
Ring Back Tone	<input type="text"/>
Busy Tone	<input type="text"/>
Indication Tone	<input type="text"/>

Each network tone is defined as

**nc, rpt, c1on, c1off, c2on, c2off, c3on, c3off, f1, f2, f3, f4, p1, p2, p3, p4**

where

**nc** is the number of cadences

**rpt** is the repeat counter(0 - infinite, 1~n - repeat 1~n times)

**c1on** is the cadence one on duration (in milliseconds)

**c1off** is cadence one off duration (in milliseconds)  
**c2on** is the cadence two on duration (in milliseconds)  
**c2off** is the cadence two off duration (in milliseconds)  
**c3on** is the cadence three on duration (in milliseconds)  
**c3off** is the cadence three off duration (in milliseconds)  
**f1** is the tone #1, 300-3000(Hz)  
**f2** is the tone #2, 300-3000(Hz)  
**f3** is the tone #3, 300-3000(Hz)  
**f4** is the tone #4, 300-3000(Hz)  
**p1** is the attenuation index for tone #1, 0~31(0=3dB, -1dB increments)  
**p2** is the attenuation index for tone #2, 0~31(0=3dB, -1dB increments)  
**p3** is the attenuation index for tone #3, 0~31(0=3dB, -1dB increments)  
**p4** is the attenuation index for tone #4, 0~31(0=3dB, -1dB increments)

Two examples of network tone definition are shown below.

1. A New Zealand Dial Tone (400 Hz) is defined as  
**0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,400,0,0,0,10,0,0,0**
  2. A New Zealand Busy tone (400Hz with a cadence of 500ms on and 500ms off (repeat)) is defined as **1,0,500,500,0,0,0,0,400,0,0,0,10,0,0,0**.
- i) **INFO SERVER** – This parameter enables the HT-922 to forward the caller ID of all incoming calls to the server IP specified.
- j) **China Phone Code** – This parameter enables the HT-922 to use the China area codes programmed and dial the phone number out automatically once the preset conditions are matched. There is no need to dial the “#” key when this mode is enabled.
- k) **Auto Reboot** – This parameter programs the HT-922 to perform a cold boot daily at the time specified.

## 4.3.2 Network Configuration

This page configures the network interface for **LAN Port** and **PC Port**.

Network Configuration			
LAN Port	<input type="button" value="DHCP"/>	PC Port	<input type="button" value="Static IP"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> Specify DNS server	IP Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.8.1"/>
802.1q VLAN	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/>
	<a href="#">Advanced&gt;&gt;</a>	DHCP Server	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
		Starting Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.8.100"/>
		Ending Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.8.120"/>
		Static DNS(optional)	<input type="text"/>
			<a href="#">Advanced&gt;&gt;</a>

**LAN Port** – The LAN port is intended for internet access. It is normally connected to a network device (router or ADSL modem) which has internet access. The following 3 modes are available for selection.

Network Configuration	
LAN Port	PPPoE
User name	DHCP
Password	Static IP
	PPPoE
802.1q VLAN	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
VLAN Id	<input type="text"/>
VLAN QoS	<input type="text"/>
Advance<<	
Ethernet(MAC) Address	<input type="text"/>
IP Broadcast Address	<input type="text"/>

1. **DHCP** – This mode should be selected If the network device functions as a DHCP host, This allows the DEVICE to obtain all related network information / settings from the DHCP host. The factory default for DHCP mode is enabled and the
2. **Static IP** – This mode sets the LAN port IP manually which can either be a public or private IP. Other network settings (Subnet Mask, Default Route, Primary DNS, Secondary DNS) should also be entered accordingly.

Network Configuration	
LAN Port	Static IP
IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Subnet Mask(optional)	<input type="text"/>
Default Route	<input type="text"/>
Primary DNS	<input type="text"/>
Secondary DNS(optional)	<input type="text"/>

3. **PPPoE** – This selection is intended for broadband connection (ADSL / Cable modem) that requires dial up / authentication using PPPoE protocol. Both **User Name** and **Password** are required. Please consult your service provider for more information if needed. One advantage with the PPPoE dial up is that the IP address obtained for the LAN port is normally a public IP.

Network Configuration	
LAN Port	PPPoE
User name	
Password	

More advanced parameters for **802.1q VLAN** and **MAC** settings are available. Please consult your network administrator for assistance if needed.

**PC PORT** – The PC port is intended to provide an Ethernet connection to other network devices (for example: PC, network HUB.). Two modes of operation are available:

1. **Bridge mode** - This mode allows the network traffics at the PC port to be bypassed to LAN port. This means that the network device share the same network segment as the LAN port. There is no IP address assigned to the PC port.
2. **Fixed IP** - This mode sets the PC port **IP Addresss** (private IP) and **Subnet Mask** manually. This creates a new network segment for the network devices connected to the PC Port.

PC Port	Static IP
IP Address	192.168.8.1
Subnet Mask	
DHCP Server	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Starting Address	192.168.8.100
Ending Address	192.168.8.120
Static DNS(optional)	

The above figure shows the factory default settings for the PC port. To simplify network IP assignments, the DHCP Server for the PC Port is enabled. This allows network devices connected Port to obtain network IP and related information from the PC Port. Please consult your network administrator for proper settings of the DHCP Server

Both MAC Address and IP Broadcast Address can be set in the Advanced tab.

Advanced<<	
Ethernet(MAC) Address	
IP Broadcast Address	

### 4.3.3 Call Settings

This page configures all related settings for VoIP Service. Based on the two protocols (H.323 and SIP) supported, the operation of DEVICE is divided as two **Endpoint Types**: **H.323 Phone** and **SIP Phone**. Some of the parameters are unique to the **Endpoint Type** and are described separately below.

Call Settings		
Endpoint Type	H.323 Phone	<a href="#">Advanced Settings&gt;&gt;</a>
Endpoint Mode	Gatekeeper Mode	<a href="#">Media Settings&gt;&gt;</a>
Config Mode	Single Config	
Phone Number		
Display Name		
H.323 ID		
Gatekeeper Address		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable VOS/AVS Encryption	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Authentication	
Dial Plan		
	<a href="#">Fax Line&gt;&gt;</a>	

#### 4.3.3.1 H.323 Phone

The **H.323 Phone** selection for **Endpoint Type** refers to the protocol used.

Endpoint Type	H.323 Phone
Endpoint Mode	Gatekeeper Mode
Config Mode	Single Config
Phone Number	
Display Name	
H.323 ID	
Gatekeeper Address	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable VOS/AVS Encryption
	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Authentication

The basic H.323 settings are:

1. **Endpoint Mode – Gatekeeper Mode** supports making a VoIP call via a call server. Registration to the server is required. **Direct Mode** supports making a VoIP call by

dialing the IP addresses or an alias.

Endpoint Type	H.323 Phone
Endpoint Mode	Direct Mode
	Direct Mode
	Gatekeeper Mode

2. **Config Mode** – The device supports two modes: **Single Config**, **Config by Line**.and **Config by Group**.

**Singel Config** allows only one phone number and gatekeeper configuration.

Config Mode	Single Config
Phone Number	
Display Name	
H.323 ID	
Gatekeeper Address	

**Config by Line** allows each FXS line to have its own configuration of the following parameters: phone number, H.323 ID, Gatekeeper Address, Encryption method (for China Market, see **Config. by Group**), H.235 Auth., Dial Plan (see section 4.3.3.4), and Fax Line.

Config Mode	Config by Line
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Line 1 <input type="radio"/> Line 2	
Phone Number	
H.323 ID	
Gatekeeper Address	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable VOS/AVS Encryption <input type="checkbox"/> H.235 Auth
Dial Plan	
	Fax Line>>

**Config by Group** allows up to 4 groups of configuration for phone number, H.323 ID and gatekeeper. Since there is only one FXS port, all four groups are sharing the same FXS port.

**Config Mode** Config by Group

☒ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4

**Phone Number**

**H.323 ID**

**Gatekeeper Address**

☐ Enable VOS/AVS Encryption

☐ H.235 Auth

In order to activate the FXS line to be used, the following parameter must be checked for each group.

**Activated Lines in Group 1**

☐ L1 ☐ L2

[Fax Line>>](#)

3. **Phone Number** - This parameter assigns the phone number used for registration in **Gatekeeper Mode**. This is used as an alias in **Direct Mode**.
4. **Display Name** – This parameter (optional) specifies the Caller name and is transmitted as part of the caller ID.
5. **H.323 ID** - This parameter is specified in the H.323 protocol. It is an identifier containing an alphanumeric string. Some gatekeepers may use this ID for authentication.
6. **Gatekeeper Address** - This assigns the location of the Gatekeeper for VoIP Service.
7. **VOS/AVS Encryption** – Both VOS2000 / AVS Encryption methods are used by major network equipment vendors in China to avoid VoIP blocking in order insure a reliable VoIP services. In order to use this, your VoIP service provider needs to support this encryption method. For H.323, VOS / AVS Encryption can be enabled or disabled for each number registration. VOS Encryption supports two modes: **Signaling Encryption** and **Signaling and Media Encryption**. Please consult your services provider for more information.
8. **H.235 Auth** – If H.235 authentication is required, enable this field and enter the H.235 ID and Password.

☐ H.235 Auth

**H.235 ID**

**Password**

9. **Fax** – Fax function is supported and can be enabled via this field. Fax can be transmitted via inband signal (**G.711**) or outband **T.38** commands. Please note that there are many factors that can affect the fax transmission and it may not function properly or reliably

Line1 Fax

Fax Line<<

Disable
Disable
T.38
G.711

### Advanced Settings

More settings are available under the **Advanced Settings** tab. These settings are common to all H.323 configurations. Depending on your network requirements, please consult your network administrator for the correct configuration.

Advanced Settings<<

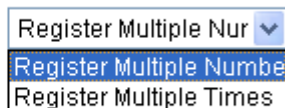
RAS Port	<input type="text"/>
Q.931 Port	<input type="text"/>
H.245 Port	<input type="text"/>
Fast Start	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Register Mode	Register Multiple Nur <input type="text"/>
DTMF Signaling	Outband <input type="text"/>
Signaling QoS	None <input type="text"/>
Signaling NAT Traversal	None <input type="text"/>

Media Settings>>

1. **RAS Port** – This Port is used to convey the registration, admissions, bandwidth change, and status messages between two H.323 endpoints. If not specified, the port address is assigned automatically.
2. **Q.931 Port** – This port is used for call signaling to convey Call Setup and teardown messages between two H.323 endpoints. If not specified, the port address is assigned automatically.
3. **H.245 Port** – The H.245 requires at least 2 ports for media control protocol. It should be specified as a port range. If not specified, the port address is assigned automatically.
4. **Fast Start** - Fast Start is a new method of call setup that bypasses some usual steps in order to make it faster. In addition to the speed improvement, Fast Start allows the media channels to be operational before the CONNECT message is sent, which is a requirement for certain billing procedures. Leave this enabled if you are not sure.
5. **Register Mode** - Two registration modes are support. **Register Multiple Numbers** mode means that multiple numbers are registered in a single registration message.

**Register Multiple Times** mode means that each number is registered in a separate registration message.

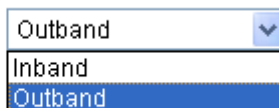
**Register Mode**



Register Multiple Nur
Register Multiple Numbe
Register Multiple Times

6. **DTMF Signaling** – This parameter sets the method of sending DTMF signals. **Inband** means that the DTMF signal is sent as an analog signal via the voice channel. **Outband** means that the DTMF signal is sent as DTMF command via the data channel and is commonly known as RFC2833. In **Outband** mode, a DTMF payload type is required and the default type is set to 101.

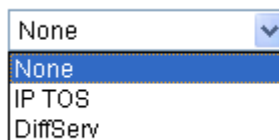
**DTMF Signaling**



Outband
Inband
Outband

7. **Signaling QoS** – This parameter sets the QoS mode for VoIP Signaling for better response time and more reliable VoIP Call signaling. Both IP TOS and Diffserv modes are supported. Please check with your network administrator or ISP for the correct setting.

**Signaling QoS**

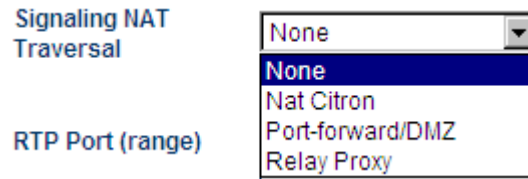


None
None
IP TOS
DiffServ

8. **Signaling NAT Traversal** – NAT Traversal is an algorithm designed to solve a common problem in TCP/IP networking in establishing connections between hosts in private TCP/IP networks that use NAT devices. This parameter only sets the NAT Traversal mode for VoIP signaling. The 3 methods supported are **NAT Citron**, **Port-forward/DMZ**, and **Relay Proxy**.

Both **NAT Citron** and **Port-forward/DMZ** are well known NAT protocols are widely used; however, they require the support of local network.

Relay Proxy mode is a proprietary NAT protocol and it is designed for NAT Traversal with the capability of avoiding VoIP blockings. All VoIP signaling and/or media packets are encapsulated (encrypted as well if enabled) and transmitted via another port/channel to our proprietary Relay Server. Please contact your service provider to determine if this mode is supported.



**Relay Proxy** mode is a proprietary NAT protocol and it requires the use of our Relay Proxy Server. All VoIP signaling packets are encapsulated (encrypted for more secured transmission if enabled) and transmitted via another port/channel. Up to 4 backup Relay Servers are supported. Once the designated Relay Server fails, the next available Relay Server on the back up list will be used. Once the designated Relay Server resumes operation, it will be used instead of the back up Relay Server.

**Note:** For Service providers, RELAY Proxy software is available at no charge. Please contact your supplier for support. For end user, please contact your service provider to see if this feature is available.

#### 4.3.3.2 SIP Phone

The **SIP Phone** selection for **Endpoint Type** refers to the SIP protocol used. In SIP Phone mode, it supports two registration modes: **Single Server** and **Config by Line**.

**Single Server mode** - only one SIP registration is used for both FXS lines. The HT-922 will perform line hunting automatically when a call is made or a call comes in.

Call Settings	
Endpoint Type	SIP Phone
Config Mode	Single Server Mode
Phone Number	
Phone Number 2	
Display Name	
SIP Proxy	
SIP Registrar Server	
Register Expiry(s)	60
Outbound Proxy	
Home Domain	
Authentication ID	
Password	
Dial Plan	
Call Forward Type	Not Forward
Call Forward Number	
Backup Server	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
<a href="#">Fax Line&gt;&gt;</a>	

**Config by Line** - Each FXS line has its own SIP registration and they are treated as independent lines. A Backup Server option is also available for each FXS line to insure a more reliable SIP Service.

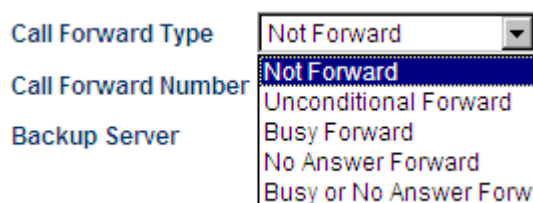
Call Settings	
Endpoint Type	SIP Phone
Config Mode	Config by Line
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Line 1 <input type="radio"/> Line 2	
Phone Number	
Phone Number 2	
Display Name	
SIP Proxy	
SIP Registrar Server	
Register Expiry(s)	60
Outbound Proxy	
Home Domain	
Authentication ID	
Password	
Dial Plan	
Call Forward Type	Not Forward
Call Forward Number	
Backup Server	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Fax Line>>	

The basic SIP settings are:

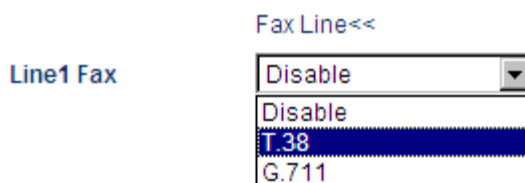
1. **Phone Number** – This parameter assigns the phone number used for SIP registration.
2. **Phone Number 2** – This parameter assigns the second phone number used for registration. This acts as a second phone number for SIP calls.
- 3.
4. **Display Name** – This parameter (optional) specifies the Caller name and is transmitted as part of the caller ID.
5. **SIP Proxy** – A SIP Proxy acts as a call manager of all incoming and outgoing calls. Specify the location (IP address / domain name) of the designated SIP Proxy used for SIP service. The standard port used is 5060. To specify a non-standard signaling port, add “:<port number>” to the of the location. For example: If SIP Proxy = yoursippbx.com, the signaling port is the standard port 5060. If SIP Proxy = yoursippbx.com:15060, the signaling port is 15060.
6. **SIP Registrar** – A SIP Registrar maintains a database of all SIP phones registered and their contact information. Specify the location (IP address / domain name) of the designated SIP Registrar. The standard port used is 5060. To specify a non-standard signaling port, add “:<port number>” to the of the location. For example: If SIP Proxy = yoursippbx.com, the signaling port is the standard port 5060. If SIP Proxy = yoursippbx.com:15060, the signaling port is 15060.
7. **Registry Expiry(s)** – This specifies the expiry duration at the SIP Registrar after a

successful registration. The range is 60 to 36400 seconds.

8. **Outbound Proxy** – A network node acts as proxy for outbound traffic between a client and a server. Please contact your network administration to determine if this proxy is available or not.
9. **Home Domain** – This field enables the use of home domain name is SIP registration instead of IP address.
10. **Authentication ID** – This field specifies the ID to be used for Authentication during a SIP registration.
11. **Password** – This field specifies the password used for Authentication during a SIP registration.
12. **Call Forward Type** – This defines the Call Forward condition and the available options are:
  - a) **Not Forward** – Call forward is disabled.
  - b) **Unconditional Forward** – Call is always forwarded.
  - c) **Busy Forward** – Call is forwarded when the line is in use / engaged.
  - d) **No Answer Forward** – Call is forwarded when it is not answered.
  - e) **Busy or No Answer Forward** – Call is forwarded when the line is in use or not answered.



13. **Forward Number** – This defines the number to be used for Call Forward.
14. **Backup Server** – The backup option provides settings for a SIP backup server. Once the designated SIP Proxy and/ SIP Registrar fail, the backups will be used automatically.
15. **Fax** – Fax function is supported and can be enabled via this field. Fax can be transmitted via inband signal (**G.711**) or outband **T.38** commands. Please note that there are many factors that can affect the fax transmission and it may not function properly or reliably.



### **Advanced Settings**

More settings are available under the **Advanced Settings** tab. Depending on your

network requirements, please consult your network administrator for the correct configuration.

Advanced Settings<<

<b>Signaling Port</b>	<input type="text" value="5060"/>
<b>NAT Keep-alive</b>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
<b>P2P</b>	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
<b>Virtual Ringback</b>	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

Advanced Timing>>

<b>DTMF Signaling</b>	<input type="text" value="Outband"/>
<b>Outband DTMF type</b>	<input type="text" value="RFC 2833"/>
<b>RTP Payload Type</b>	<input type="text" value="101"/>
<b>Signaling QoS</b>	<input type="text" value="None"/>
<b>Signaling Encryption</b>	<input type="text" value="None"/>
<b>Signaling NAT Traversal</b>	<input type="text" value="None"/>

1. **Signaling Port** – This Port is used to convey signaling message with the SIP Proxy. The standard port number is 5060.
2. **NAT Keep-alive** – When enabled, a dummy packet I sent to the local firewall / router in order to keep the ports opened for VoIP service.
3. **P2P** – This enables Peer-to-Peer calls.
4. **Virtual Ringback** – This enables a ringback tone to be generated whenever a call is made.
5. **DTMF Signaling** – This parameter sets the method of sending DTMF signals. **Inband** means that the DTMF signal is sent as an analog signal via the voice channel. **Outband** means that the DTMF signal is sent as DTMF command via the data channel. Both **RFC2833** and **SIP INFO** methods are supported. For **RFC2833**, a DTMF payload type is required and the default type is set to 101.

<b>DTMF Signaling</b>	<input type="text" value="Outband"/>
<b>Outband DTMF type</b>	<input type="text" value="RFC 2833"/>
<b>RTP Payload Type</b>	<input type="text" value="101"/>

6. **Signaling QoS** – This parameter sets the QoS mode for VoIP Signaling for better response time and more reliable VoIP Call signaling. Both IP TOS and Diffserv modes are supported. Please check with your network administrator or ISP for the correct setting.

**Signaling QoS**

None
None
IP TOS
DiffServ

7. **Signaling Encryption** – Five types of encryption methods are supported and these are used by various network equipment vendors in China to avoid blocking of SIP signaling traffics. Please consult your SIP service provided to determine which encryption method is supported.

**Signaling Encryption****Signaling NAT Traversal****RTP Port Range****Packet Length (ms)**

None
None
RC4
Fast
VOS
AVS
ET263

- a) **RC4** – RC4 Encryption Key is required when it is enabled.
  - b) **Fast** –
  - c) **VOS** – This encryption is developed by a network equipment vendor in Nanjing, China.
  - d) **AVS** – This encryption is developed by a network equipment vendor in Shanghai, China.
  - e) **ET263** – This encryption is supported by major network equipment vendors in China.
8. **Signaling NAT Traversal** – NAT Traversal is an algorithm designed to solve a common problem in TCP/IP networking in establishing connections between hosts in private TCP/IP networks that use NAT devices. This parameter only sets the NAT Traversal mode for VoIP signaling. The 2 methods supported are **STUN(RFC3489)** and **Relay Proxy**. A STUN Server is required for **STUN(RFC3489)**.

**Signaling NAT Traversal**

None
None
STUN(RFC 3489)
Relay Proxy

**Relay Proxy** mode is a proprietary NAT protocol and it requires the use of our Relay Proxy Server. All VoIP signaling packets are encapsulated (encrypted for more secured transmission if enabled) and transmitted via another port/channel. Up to 4 backup Relay Servers are supported. Once the designated Relay Server fails, the next available Relay Server on the back up list will be used. Once the designated Relay Server resumes operation, it will be used instead of the back up Relay Server.

**Note:** For Service providers, RELAY Proxy software is available at no charge. Please contact your supplier for support. For end user, please contact your service provider to see if this feature is available.

### 4.3.3.3 Media Settings

Once a VoIP call is established, the Media channel is used for voice transmission. The settings listed below configure the performance and operation of the Media channel.

Media Settings<<

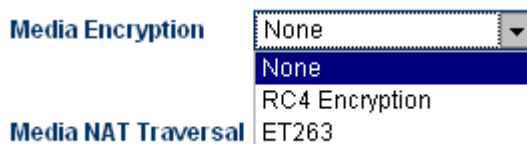
<b>RTP Port Range</b>	16384 - 32768
<b>PacketLength(ms)</b>	20
<b>Jitter Buffer</b>	Fixed
<b>Delay(ms)</b>	60
<b>Media QoS</b>	None
<b>Media Encryption</b>	None
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Symmetric RTP
<b>Media NAT Traversal</b>	None

1. **RTP Port (range)** – Audio stream is transmitted via Real Time Protocol (RTP) and at least 4 ports are used per voice channel. The default port range is 16384 – 32768. Specify the port range depending on your network environment if needed.
2. **Packet length (ms)** – This specify the length of a voice packet. The default packet length is 20 ms.
3. **Jitter Buffer Mode** –Three jitter modes are available. The **Fixed Mode**, which is the default mode, is a simple first in first out mode, with a fixed jitter buffer delay. By definition the jitter buffer depth is twice the jitter buffer delay. The **Sequential Mode** is also a fixed jitter buffer delay mode, but in this mode the jitter buffer function looks at the packet timestamp for dropped or out of sequence packet problems. The data packets are sorted based on the packet timestamp. The **Adaptive Mode** optimizes the size of the jitter buffer delay and depth in response to network conditions, in addition to the sequential mode.
4. **Media QoS** – QoS is also available for Media packets to improve voice quality. This is rather significant in a network environment with large amount of data traffics. Both **IP TOS** and **DiffServ** methods are supported.

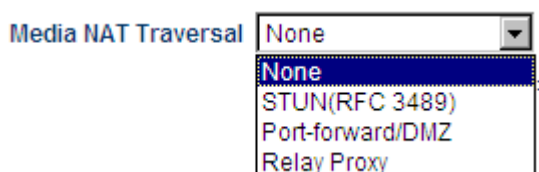
Media QoS

None
None
IP TOS
DiffServ

5. **Media Encryption** – For secure voice transmission, RC4 / ET263 Encryption methods are supported for the media channel. Please make sure your service provider can support this encryption method before enabling this feature.



6. **Symmetric RTP** – Enable the media channel to use symmetric RTP ports. Some network environment demand the use of Symmetric RTP.
7. **Media NAT Traversal** – NAT Traversal can be set independently for Media packets. This gives a more flexible setting for various network environment. Three modes are supported: **STUN(RFC 3489)**, **Port-forward/DMZ**, and **Relay Proxy**.



8. **Relay Proxy** mode is a proprietary NAT protocol and it requires the use of our Relay Proxy Server. All VoIP signaling packets are encapsulated (encrypted for more secured transmissions if enabled) and transmitted via another port/channel. Three relay modes of operation are supported.

**Mode 1: Use UDP packets and encryption.**

**Mode 2: Use UDP packets and encryption; use single UDP port.**

**Mode 3: Use TCP packets and encryption; Use single TCP port;**

The mode 2 and mode 3 are the passive and the port use is assigned by the RELAY SERVER.

Up to 4 backup Relay Servers are supported. Once the designated Relay Server fails, the next available Relay Server on the back up list will be used. Once the designated Relay Server resumes operation, it will be used instead of the back up Relay Server.

<b>Media NAT Traversal</b>	Relay Proxy
<b>Address</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Port</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>User Name</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Password</b>	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> Encryption
<b>Relay Mode</b>	1
<b>Backup Relay Server 1</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Backup Relay Server 2</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Backup Relay Server 3</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Backup Relay Server 4</b>	<input type="text"/>

**Note:** For Service providers, RELAY Proxy software is available at no charge. Please contact your supplier for support. For end user, please contact your service provider to see if this feature is available.

9. **Audio Codec Preference** – The table below list the voice codec priorities in descending order. Each voice codec can be enabled (place a check mark in the check box) or disabled individually. Select the voice code and then click on the UP or DOWN button to move the order on the list.

Audio Codec Preference<<

UP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> alaw
DOWN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ulaw
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> g729
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> g729a
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> g729ab
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> g7231

#### 4.3.3.4 Dial Plan

Dial Plan defines how the DEVICE processes a number is dialed. This field is located in the Calling Setting Window and it is available for both H.323 and SIP modes. The Dial Plan is very flexible and can be configured for a wide range of dialing applications.

**Dial Plan**

The basic syntax is “<event>:<action>|<event>:<action>|...”, where

<event> defines the event to be matched. A event consists of a sequence of digits. If a

specific digit has a limited range, use the syntax [A-B] where A and B are both digit (0 to 9) and B is greater than A. The length of the input number can be limited by using "X" to represent each unknown digit. If this field is omitted, it means any event.

**<action>** defines the action to be taken on the number received and it consists of "-" (minus), "+" (plus), and digits. "-" followed by digits means to remove the digits from the beginning of the number entered. "+" followed by digits means to add the digits in front of the number entered.

"|" means or and the order of priority is from left to right.

Note: For practical use, it should not be possible to reach the maximum length of the Dial Plan string.

Examples:

1. Dial Plan = "010:-010" means that the number dialed out will have the first 3 digits "010" removed when a number with the first digits as "010" is entered.
  - a) Number entered = "01082121234", actual number dialed = "82121234".
  - b) Number entered = "82121234", actual number dialed = "82121234".
2. Dial Plan = "1:+00" means that the number dialed out will have the "00" added in front of the number entered when a number with the first digit as "1" is entered,.
  - a) Number entered = "1082121234", actual number dialed = "00182121234".
  - b) Number entered = "82121234", actual number dialed = "82121234".
3. Dial Plan = "001:-001+1751" means that the number dialed out will the first 3 digits "001" changed to "1751" when a number with the first digits as "001" is entered.
  - a) Number entered = "00182121234", actual number dialed = "175282121234".
  - b) Number entered = "82121234", actual number dialed = "82121234".
4. Dial Plan = "XXXX:" means that the input number is limited to 4-digit long and will be dialed out immediately when the fourth digit is entered.
5. Dial Plan = "13XXXXXXXXXX:+0" means that the input number is restricted to 11-digit long and the first two digits must be "13". When this condition is matched, the number dialed out will have a leading "0" added.
  - a) Number entered = "13901234567", actual number dialed = "013901234567".
  - b) Number entered = "12801234567", actual number dialed = "12801234567".
6. Dial Plan = "13[6-9]XXXXXXXXXX:+0" means that the input number is restricted to 11-digit long and the first two digits must be "13" and the third digit can be 6, 7, 8, or 9. When this condition is matched, the number dialed out will have a leading "0" added.
  - a) Number entered = "13901234567", actual number dialed = "013971234567".

- b) Number entered = "13001234567", actual number dialed = "13001234567".

Please note that the above samples are simple and intended to show the meaning of various rules. They may not have any practical meaning. A combination of these rules (joined with the symbol "|") can be realized for a much more complicated dialing application.

### 4.3.4 Phone Settings

The Phone Settings page configures the FXS port and its related operations. They are described in details below.

Phone Settings	
PhoneBook Function	<input type="text" value="*50"/>
FXS 48v Standby	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Billing Support	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
<a href="#">Ring Parameters&gt;&gt;</a>	
<a href="#">Hot Line&gt;&gt;</a>	

1. **Star Commands** – Star Commands for **PhoneBook Function** (Default is **\*50**) is programmable in this page. The format is “\*”+digits and the number of digits is not limited. However, the detection is based on the first match. For example, if “\*1” is defined, then the definition of “\*1x..” is possible but will not be detected as a star command.

Star command for **Call Transfer** and **Call Hold** are preset by the factory and cannot be changed. Please refer to Section 3 for more information.

2. **FXS 48V Standby** – Normal FXS on hook line voltage is 24V. Enable this option to change the on hook line voltage to 48V.
3. **Billing Support** – Enable this option to enable call records to be sent to our Billing Server for billing purpose. Please contact your provider for more information on this.
4. **Ring Parameters** – The ringing frequency and cadence at the FXS port can be set here. It allows settings of 3 ringing cadences per ring cycle.

Ring Parameters<<	
Ring Frequency	<input type="text" value="25"/>
Ring Cadence One On	<input type="text" value="1200"/>
Ring Cadence One Off	<input type="text" value="4000"/>
Ring Cadence Two On	<input type="text"/>
Ring Cadence Two Off	<input type="text"/>

5. **Caller ID** – This defines the Caller ID signal to be sent from the FXS port. It supports

both Bellcore/Telcordia and ETSI FSK Caller ID standards. The CID FSK Mode sets up the FSK modem to be used: Bellcore for Bell 202 and ETSI for V.23. Please refer to the Caller ID standard desired for further information.

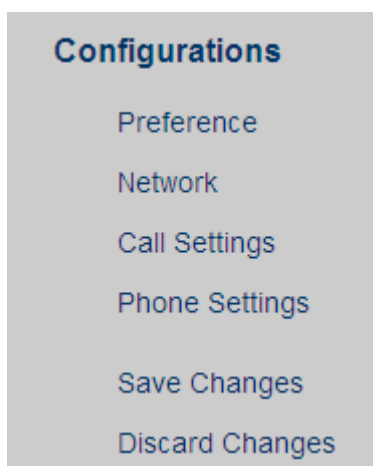
CID FSK Mode	<input type="text" value="Bellcore"/>
CID Signaling<<	
1st Ring Duration	<input type="text" value="1000"/>
Delay Time Before CID	<input type="text" value="700"/>
Delay Time After CID	<input type="text" value="1000"/>

6. **Hot Line** – When this feature is enabled, the Hot Line Number defined will be dialed out automatically whenever the phone is off hook.

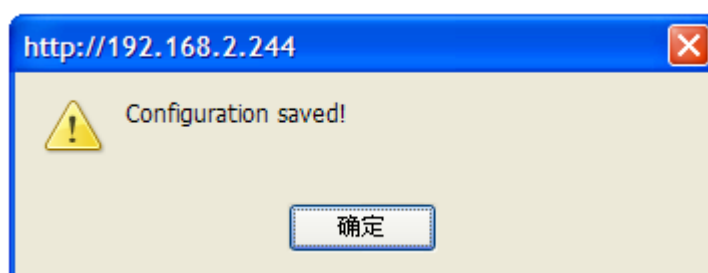
Hot Line<<	
Line1 Hot Line	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Hot Line Number	<input type="text"/>

### 4.3.5 Save Changes

When all changes have been made, click on the **Save Changes** tab to save all settings to the Flash memory.



The message window below is displayed when the saving is completed.

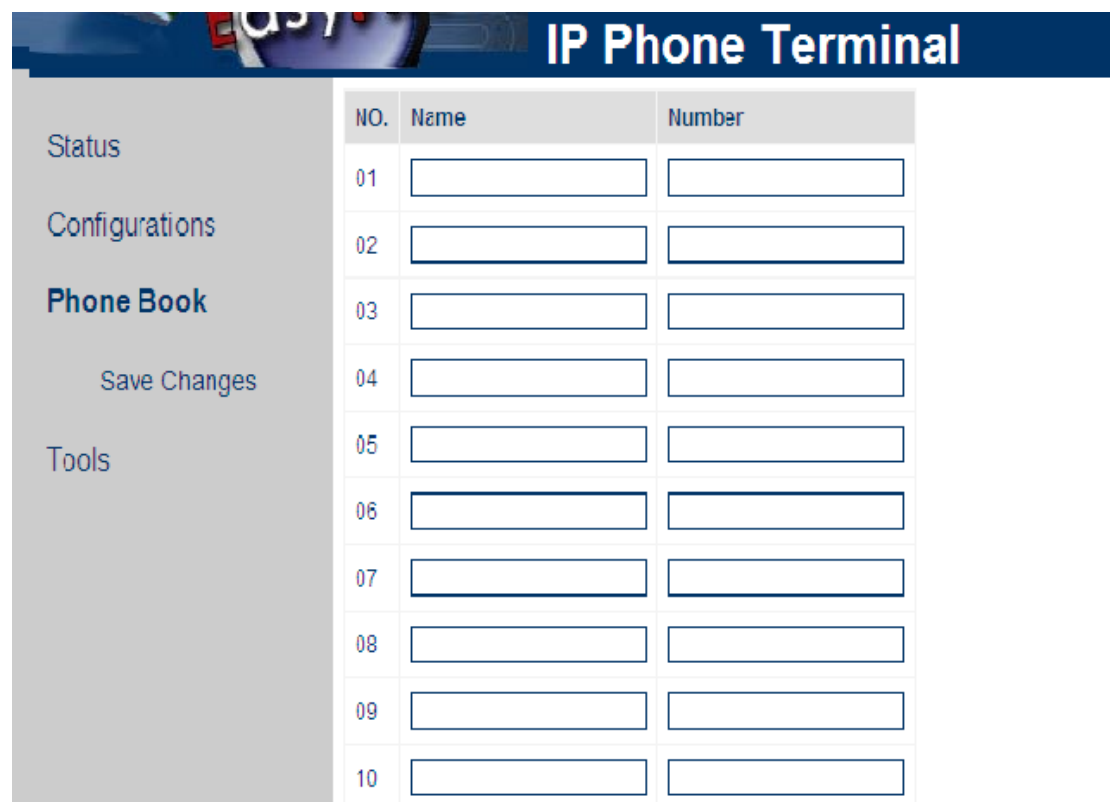


### 4.3.6 Discard Changes

Click on the **Discard Changes** tab to ignore all changes made.

## 4.4 Phone Book

This page lists all the phone book entries for editing. Just click on **Save Changes** to save all entries to memory. The **Name** field is optional; only the **Number** field is used for memory dialing.

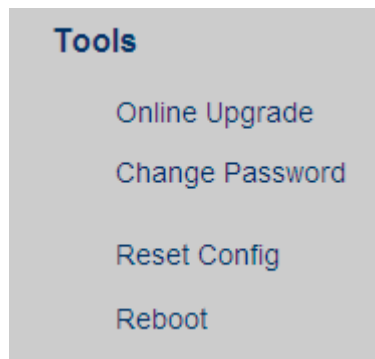


The screenshot displays the 'IP Phone Terminal' web interface. On the left is a vertical navigation menu with links for 'Status', 'Configurations', 'Phone Book' (which is highlighted), 'Save Changes', and 'Tools'. The main content area features a table with three columns: 'NO.', 'Name', and 'Number'. The table contains 10 rows, each with a number from 01 to 10 in the first column, and empty text input fields for the 'Name' and 'Number' columns in the subsequent two columns.

NO.	Name	Number
01	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
02	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
03	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
04	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
05	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
06	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
07	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
08	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
09	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
10	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

## 4.5 Tools

The **Tools** section is intended to offer the following functions: Online Upgrade, Change Password, Reset Config, and Reboot.



### 4.5.1 Online Upgrade

Click on the **Online Upgrade** tab to perform manual firmware upgrade. Enter the upgrade address as shown below. Please contact your service provider to determine if there is a new firmware available.

A screenshot of the 'Online Upgrade' web form. It has a dark blue header with the text 'Online Upgrade'. Below the header, it says 'Current Version: A38HS-3.15'. There is a label 'Upgrade Site:' followed by a text input field. To the right of the input field is a 'Start' button.

**WARNING: Once the upgrade starts, a message window is display to show the upgrade status. DO NOT TURN OFF THE POWER WHILE THE FIRMWARE UPGRADE IS IN PROCESS!**

### 4.5.2 Change Password

The device supports two login levels to the built-in webpage. The User level is intended for general user and is restricted from accessing the **Call Settings** page and **Reset Configuration** function. In this level, only the password for the user level can be changed. The default password for the user level (login ID = user) is "1234".

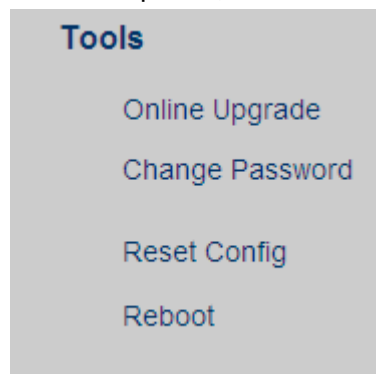
The Administrator level allows full accessing to the DEVICE configurations. In this level, the password for both levels can be change. The default password for the administrator level (login ID = admin) is "admin".

It is important to record the new password(s). If the admin password is lost, a special star command is available to reset all system settings. Please refer to section 3.1.1 for more information.

The image shows two identical form sections. The first section is titled 'User Level' in a dark blue header. Below it, there are two input fields: 'New Password:' and 'Confirm Password:'. To the right of the 'Confirm Password' field is a yellow 'Change' button. The second section is titled 'Administration Level' in a dark blue header. It also has 'New Password:' and 'Confirm Password:' input fields, with a yellow 'Change' button to the right of the second field.

### 4.5.3 Reset Configuration

This function can only be accessed in administrator login level. Click on the **Reset Configuration** tab to initiate the reset process. A message windows pops up to ask for confirmation. Click “Yes” to reset all configurations back factory defaults. Click “No” to cancel. Once the reset process is completed, the device reboots itself.



Please also see section 3.1.1 for a star command reset option.

### 4.5.4 Reboot

Click on the **Reboot** tab to reboot the device.

## 4.6 Gain Settings

This **Gain Settings** page is hidden and is only intended for users who is really interested in adjusting the receive level (Input Gain) and transmit level (Output Gain) of each FXS port.

The URL of this page is [http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/en\\_US/gain.html](http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/en_US/gain.html). Enter this filed in a

web browser and the **GAIN SETTINGS** page pops up. If you have not logged in to the web server, you will need to login first.

The range of the gain setting is from -36 dB to +36 dB. Please adjust the gains with caution. If the input gain is too high, the DTMF dialing may not be detected properly. You can always click on **Reset** to resume to system default level.

**Gain Settings**

Line 1

Line 1 Output Gain

0dB

Line 1 Input Gain

0dB

Line 2

Line 2 Output Gain

0dB

Line 2 Input Gain

0dB

Save

Reset